ESTABLISHED 1784.
Oldest Daily Newspaper in the United States and Best Advertising Medium in Northern Virginia.

Alexandria Gazette.

VOL. CXXXIV—No. 253. ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1918. PRICE ONE CENT

Library of Congress

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Mrs. Frank C. Pullin who has been sick at her home in North Royal street, is able to be out again.

Misses Martha and Laura Allison have returned from Wytheville, Va., where they spent the summer.

Mr. Robert L. Wright, who as been seriously ill at his residence, 517 Queen street, is improving.

M. B. Harlow has sold to Mrs. Addie T. Baumgardner a house and lot on the south side of Commerce street between Fayette and Payne streets.

The women of the M. E. Church South sold a total of $51.00 of the Fourth Liberty Loan Bonds and the total sales amounted to $86,200.

Mr. Raymond Peverill who has been quite sick at the Alexandria Hospital with typhoid fever, returned to his home in Queen street yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sid Douglas yesterday received a cablegram from their son, Capt. J. S. Douglas, Jr., now in France, stating that he is well. Capt. Douglas has been overseas for many months.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Moses and little son will spend the winter here, Mr. Moses having accepted a position with the Southern Railway Company in Washington. He was formerly with the Tennessee Central and Nashville Railway Company.

The Rev. Mr. Vogt, the Episcopal minister at Luray, Va., passed through this city today enroute to his home from Philadelphia, where he had been visiting his father and mother, both of whom have been seriously ill. They are now recovering.

MINERS TO WORK SUNDAYS

Will Overcome Loss of Production Caused by Flu.

Washington, Oct 24.—Seventy thousand miners of the Central Pennsylvania bituminous coal fields have voted to work Sundays to overcome the falling off in production owing to the Spanish influenza epidemic, Fuel Administrator Garfield announced yesterday that the decision of the miners resulted from an appeal of the district production manager, who declared a serious shortage existed there owing to the spread of the Spanish influenza.

CREATE A NEW STATE

Reichsrath Deputies Proclaim Formation of "The German State of Austria."

Basel, Switzerland, Oct. 24.—The German-Austrian deputies in the Austrian Reichsrath have formed an assembly to conduct the affairs of the Germanic people in Austria, and have issued a declaration announcing the creation of the "German State of Austria."

Karl Seitz, leader of the German Socialists in Austria, has been elected president of the new assembly. The deputies have announced their desire to bring about the autonomy of the Germans in Austria and to establish relations with other nations.

TWELVE TO CARRY BODY

State's Largest Woman Falls a Victim of Heart Disease

Pottsville, Pa., Oct. 24.—Miss Matilda Bossler, said to have been the State's biggest woman, died here yesterday from heart trouble. She weighed 550 pounds and it will require 12 men to carry her body. The coffin is so large that it will be necessary to cut out a side of her house to get it away.

The dead woman refused offers of big money to exhibit herself because of her great weight, but these she always refused, being of a retiring disposition.

ALLIES AGREED.

Report in London That Terms of Armistice Have Been Fixed.

London, Oct. 24.—The allies have agreed to terms of an armistice, according to information obtained here today.

AMERICAN DRIVE NEAR

Indications of a Major-Attack on the Verdun Front.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Further indications of an impending major-attack by the American armies on the Verdun front came yesterday in reports of fierce fighting around Vouziers, where the French are hammering at the flank of the forest position that appears to have been holding up the general American movement. Official German reports show the intensity of the fighting and admit advances. There is little doubt that the enemy views the action as of great importance.

The line here forms almost a right angle with the French forces which have crossed the Aisne heading eastward through the hilly and wooded region north of Grand Pre. The Americans stand along the base of the angle, heading northward into the same difficult territory, and the fighting today indicated a pincer movement to force the enemy out of the angle completely into the open ground beyond.

If this is accomplished, the left flank of General Liggett's American First Army will be released, and observers here feel confident that an American drive possibly covering the whole American front on both sides of the Meuse will shortly follow. The objective of such a thrust would be primarily, it is said, the smashing of the German left flank between Metz and Sedan.

STEEL HELMETS SAVE LIVES

Incidents Cited Show Efficacy of "Tin Hats" in Deflecting Bullets And Shrapnel.

Paris, Oct. 24.—The flat "tin hats" the Yanks wear in battle have saved many a life.

One field dressing station in the offensive around Vigneulles produced ample proof of the efficacy of the steel helmet. A soldier was brought in, unconscious, with a deep crease in his helmet directly over his nose. Apparently he had ben struck by a machine gun bullet and the wearer, though put to sleep for half an hour, was uninjured.

Shortly afterward another soldier was brought in with an identical dent in the brim. This time it was shrapnel and it had been deflected quite as effectively, except that a bit of skin had been nipped from the end of the soldier's nose.

SUSPENSION OF LECTURES

Eight Students From Theological Seminary Have Done Splendid Work Here.

The Episcopal Theological Seminary was closed last week in order that the students could render service to the need of those who were ill of influenza here and elsewhere, thus relieving the nurses and others who have been laboring incessantly to minister to the cases during this serious crisis. Eight of the students, Messrs. Broden, Roller, Cleaveland, Cox, Crosson, Powell, Magill and Pillow, have been doing service in this city and we understand that their work has been much appreciated. Other students are doing service elsewhere.

The work of the Seminary was suspended with the full approval of the faculty as they felt that the students were following as they should in this time of epidemic, the example of their divine Master and thus preparing for their future pastoral ministrations. It is hoped that as the influenza seems to be passing, from our midst, the Seminary can reopen sometime next week.

Mrs. Oscar Randolph and Mrs. Cook, daughters of Professor Crawford, have rendered valuable and faithful service in conveying the students to camps from the Seminary in their automobile.

DEATHS

CURTISS—At the Mercy Hospital, Baltimore, Md., DAVID CASE CURTISS, son of the late Wm. H. and Mary J. Curtiss. Funeral took place from B. Wheatley's chapel on Wednesday, October 23rd, 1918.
253-1t.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

On account of the continuance of influenza, there will be no meeting this week of the Promoters of the League of the Sacred Heart. The promoters can get their leaflets from the Secretary, Miss Helena E. Greene, 305 North Washington street.
253-2t.

ADVANCE OF THE ALLIES

Valenciennes Now Completely in Hands of the British—2,000 Prisoners Taken.

London, Oct. 24.—Valenciennes, the great rail center eighten miles east of Douai, is now completely in British hands, according to latest word from the front.

An advance of a mile to a mile and a half on a front of between five and six miles was scored by the British in their new attack on a front of nearly six miles between Solesmes and Le Cateau yesterday. American units aided materially in the attack.

Nine German divisions opposed the British and Americans in yesterday morning's attack between Le Cateau and Solesmes. In spite of the stubborn resistance, the attackers advanced between one and two miles along the whole 12-mile front of assault. Two thousand prisoners had been counted late yesterday.

The Serbians are now only six miles from the Danube, the Serbian legation here announced last night.

The French and Serbians took 3,000 prisoners at Ipek.

The population of Montnegro is reported rising against its Austrian oppressors.

Rome, Oct. 24.—The Italians clearing Albania are now less than forty miles from the Austrian border, the war office announced yesterday.

There was desultory artillery and patrol fighting on the Italian front.

With the American First Army, Oct. 24.—The village of Bantheville (a little more than four miles west of the Meuse and two miles northwest of Cunel) was recaptured with comparative ease yesterday.

The Americans closed in on both sides of the village, debouching from the Bois de Rappes and the Bois de Bantheville, cutting off the German machine gunners.

PEACE DEMONSTRATIONS

Police in Mannheim Fire, Killing Several Women.

London, Oct. 24—"Gigantic peace demonstrations," during which the police fired upon the crowds with machine guns, killing several women, have just taken place in Mannheim, Germany, said a dispatch from The Hague to the Times today.

The series of demonstrations culminated on Friday, when a procession marched to the town hall.

Machine guns were mounted around the hall, and the military police opened fire upon the marchers. In response the demonstrators threw bombs killing some of the policemen.

So overwhelming was the rush that the police were completely swept aside.

SMOKES FROM SKY AS YANKS ADVANCE

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—Showers of cigarettes fell from the skies on the American fighters who drove the Germans out of the St. Mihiel salient.

This was announced in a cablegram sent by William J. Mulligan, chairman of the Knights of Columbus committee on war activities, to the united war work campaign headquarters in Philadelphia.

From American airplanes 20,000 packages of cigarettes were dropped into the hands of infantrymen and artillerymen as they pressed forward in the victorious assault that dislodged the enemy from a stronghold they had held for three years. Each package of smokes was stamped "Compliments of the Knights of Columbus."

At the same time according to cable dispatches, the Y. M. C. A. workers on foot moved among the soldiers, handing out chocolate and cigarettes. On land and in the air, they all kept pace with the American fighters, moving forward in the first offensive exclusively executed by our troops.

The airplane service for distributing cigarettes to the soldiers while the battle was in progress and the ordinary methods were unavailable was established by Martin V. Morle, of San Francisco, a K. of C. secretary, in co-operation with an American airplane unit. After the fight soldiers related how pleasantly surprised they had been when cigarettes dropped from on high. They declared no service on their behalf ever had pleased them more than this ultra-modern delivery of "smokes."

RELIGIOUS DIFFERENCES NIL

Not Catholics, Protestants or Jews—But Just Americans.

The war has taught us many lessons that we needed very much to learn; it has made impossible things not merely possible but essential. And there is hardly a man or woman in America who has not in some degree been lifted by it out of his old prejudices, onto a higher, broader plane of thought.

This autumn, in the week of November 11-18 we shall see the truth of that statement splendidly demonstrated. In that week the seven agencies engaged in war work for our soldiers and sailors are to unite in a great campaign for funds with which to continue their ministry.

Of the seven agencies two are Protestant, the Y. M. C. A. and the Y. W. C. A., one, the National Catholic War Council, embracing the Knights of Columbus, is Catholic; the Jews are represented by the Jewish Welfare Board, and the other three, the American Library Association, the War Camp Community Service and the Salvation Army have no denominational affiliation. For a year they have served the army and navy as no troops were ever served before; they have regarded themselvs as co-laborers, yet there has been inevitably in their service some spirit of rivalry.

"They cannot be brought together," men have said. "You cannot unite Catholics, Protestants and Jews."

Yet on September 5 President Wilson issued a simple letter suggesting that in their campaign this fall, they appeal to the country together, instead of individually. And on the very evening of that day a meeting was held in New York consisting of five representatives of each organization. On motion of a representative of the Catholics, John R. Mott, a Protestant, was nominated Director General of the Campaign; the motion was seconded by Mortimer L. Schiff, representing the Jews, and unanimously carried. And in that spirit of unanimity the seven organizations that "could not be united," are proceeding shoulder to shoulder, with solid front.

The impossible was achieved in a single day; what years of discussion and convention had failed to bring about the larger spirit, which the war has engendered achieved without an effort. That such a spirit of concord, devoted to such a cause, should disappear with the conclusion of the campaign is impossible. Men and women who have thrown their souls into a great common effort do not easily lose touch with each other. There grows up in them a mutual regard and attachment that is far stronger than the differences of creed and race. The campaign of November will be a magnificent thing for the boys over there, but its influence on the men and women over here will extend far beyond the campaign itself, to solidify and fortify the nation in all years to come.

The sum sought by the seven agencies is immense, $170,500,000—the largest single gift ever asked of any people at one time. Yet compared with the figures to which the war has accustomed us, it is small. Measured against the huge total which we shall pay to keep our boys under arms next year, this sum which is to provide for their comfort and cheer, becomes almost insignificant. It is less than ten cents a day for each boy—less than the average man spends for cigars. It will be raised—not grudgingly but in a spirit of splendid enthusiasm. The country will go over the top for the Big Seven as it has gone over the top for the Liberty Loan and and the Red Cross. And in the fervor of its sacrifices it will have won for itself a great and a lasting reward. The gift which goes out to bless the boys in France and in our camps and on our great ships everywhere will return to bless the givers a hundred fold.

They will have learned in their giving a finer patriotism, a larger tolerance and a wider appreciation of the good that lies in every creed and faith. The United War Work Campaign will leave us more than ever before a United people; more fitted to carry forward America's great destiny, better qualified for leadership in a reconstructed and reunited world.

George E. Price and T. T. Cook will have for sale at their stall in the city market tomorrow Norfolk trout, lake trout, rock, fish, pollock, salt water tailors and flounders, also bass scaled.
254-1t.

MAY REOPEN CHURCHES

Influenza Epidemic on Wane and Health Authorities Will be Requested to Lift Ban so Churches May Reopen Next Sunday. They Have Been Closed Nearly Four Weeks.

Now that the epidemic of influenza in this city is reported to be on the decrease it is understood that efforts will be made to have the churches of the city reopened next Sunday. For nearly four weeks the churches and Sunday Schools of the city have been closed owing to the prevalence of the epidemic here.

Many of the ministers, however, do not think it would not be well to open the Sunday Schools at once owing to the fact that the children are clustered together more in the Sunday Schools than in the churches.

It is regarded as highly probable that the matter will be taken up at once by the Ministerial Association of the city with Dr. W. L. Wood, special state health officer and also of the United States Public Health Service.

One minister today stated to a representative of the Gazette that he all along had doubted the wisdom of closing the churches.

In many other cities the ban on churches and places of amusement that have been closed as a result of the epidemic already has been lifted and here it is pointed out that the disease now has about run its course.

RELIEF STEAMER SHELLED

U-Boat Nearly Wrecks Vessel Carrying Food to Belgians.

Despite the fact that she was displaying the flag of a neutral nation and engaged in an errand of mercy, a Belgian relief steamer, flying the flag of Norway, was shelled by a submarine when off the Faroe Islands, and badly damaged. The steamer, which has just arrived at a North Atlantic port, was on her way to this country to load a cargo of grain for Belgium relief account when a bombardment from the submarine three miles distant brought the vessel to a dead stop, but not until her smokestack had been riddled with shells, deckhouses and decks torn away and other damage done.

Captain Juell, the master of the steamer, was ordered to leave his vessel and bring his papers to the commander of the submarine for inspection, which he did, and narrowly escaped being stamped while getting his small boat alongside the undersea vessel, owing to her oval decks. The first question the German asked was whether he had any Englishmen among his crew, and he was told none was on the vessel.

After examining the papers the U-boat commander found a document which stated that the steamer was entitled to safe conduct by reason of her carrying food to the hungry Belgians and she was then permitted to proceed.

MUTES DIE TOGETHER

Pals, Devoid of Hearing, Kill Themselves Following Quarrel.

Boston, Oct. 24.—Two deaf mutes, pals all their lives, committed suicide together in a room at Worcester. They had been engaged in a quarrel in which a third party was involved just before ending their lives. Beyond the quarrel, the nature of which is as yet unknown, no reason can be ascribed for their decision to end their lives.

The bodies were found by the owner of the house. When he opened the door the room was filled with gas and there were the two bodies, side by side, even as the pals had traveled through life.

Beyond the names of the victims, Michael McGrath and Leon Tremblay, little is known of them.

PAINTED THE WRONG BARN

Man Who Had Bought a Liberty Bond Visited by Lancaster Mob.

Manheim, Pa., Oct. 24.—Mistaken by an angry mob for a Liberty Bond slacker, and his barn painted when he refused to purchase an additional bond, Hiram Fahnestock yesterday is the richer by a new coat of paint on his barn. It was learned too late that he had purchased a bond, for the failure to do which, the crowd believed, it was punishing him.

DEATHS AND FUNERALS

Four Persons Die of Pneumonia During Past Twenty-Four Hours.

John W. Wharton, twenty-seven years old, a butcher, of Front Royal, Va., died at midnight last night at 112 South Columbus street of pneumonia. The deceased came here to visit his wife and was taken ill, and expected to return home with his wife. His wife and others are living. The body will be taken to Front Royal for burial.

James M. Hutchings, twenty-six years old, who was employed as a foreman on the Washington-Southern Railway, died at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the temporary hospital in the Westminster building. The deceased lived near Richmond, Va. His wife and two children are living. The body will be shipped to Decatur, Ill., for burial.

A fourteen-year-old daughter of J. B. Carter, Lincolnia, Fairfax county, died last night of pneumonia at her father's residence at that place.

Jane Washington, colored, died yesterday at 221 North Henry street.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ashby Kerns, wife of James Kerns, died yesterday afternoon at her residence, 323 South Patrick street of pneumonia. Her daughter, Mrs. Ella Brown, died several days ago of the same disease.

Funeral services for Mrs. Isabel Wintersteen Jamieson, wife of Andrew Douglas Jamieson, were held this morning at 11:30 o'clock at her residence, 311 South St Asaph street. Rev. Dr. S. A. Wallis, of the Episcopal Theological Seminary, officiating. The burial will be at Bethlehem, Pa.

The funeral of David C. Curtiss, who died Sunday in Baltimore, took place yesterday afternoon from Wheatley's mortuary chapel. He was a brother of Miss Kate Curtiss, of this city.

The funeral of Mrs. Martin A. Quinn took place this morning from her late residence, 511 Oronoco street, and services were conducted by Rev. Louis Smet, pastor of St. Mary's Catholic Church.

The body of George Y. Dodd, who died Tuesday night at Rosemont, was shipped today to The Plains, Va., for burial.

NO SUGAR FOR CANNING

Food Administration Announces The Revocation of Rules on Ground Need Has Been Met.

Baltimore, Oct. 24.—That no more sugar may be purchased by housewives for canning purposes was an announcement made yesterday by Food Administrator Maltbie. The rule prohibiting the sale of sugar in large lots for household canning purposes is effective at once, and every officer in the city has been so advised.

The regulation revoked provided that 25 pounds might be sold to any one customer, provided that customer signed a pledge card saying the sugar was wanted for him canning purposes The reason for the revocation of this provision, according to Mr. Maltbie, is that the Government feels that all of the sugar allotted for such purposes has been used.

During August, September and the first three weeks of the present month, 2,500,000 pounds of sugar was disposed of in Maryland for home canning purposes alone, according to the totals shown by the pledge cards in the possession of the Food Administration.

AFTER SLACKERS

At a conference of men representing all classes and practically every section of Tidewater Virginia, held at the Chamber of Commerce of Norfolk yesterday afternoon, definite steps were taken to launch a campaign against idleness, to round up labor slackers and supply men sorely needed for war work in this section. State and municipal laws, as well as the "work or fight" order will be invoked and the campaign will be directed by committees of business men in each community.

CLOSE BLACK SEA PORTS

Those on the Danube River Also by Roumania, According to Latest Advices.

London, Oct. 24.—The British admiralty reports that German wireless dispatches picked up at Moscow are to the effect that the Roumanian government has declared all Roumanian ports on the Black Sea and on the Danube closed.

IMPROVED CONDITIONS

Influenza on the Wane—Far Lower Death Rate—Persons Ill With Disease Improving.

The influenza situation here is improving daily. The death rate is lower, and according to reports of physicians, nurses and others a majority of the persons down with the disease are on the mend, and judging from present indications the epidemic here has about run its course.

Four deaths in the city from the disease is the record during the past tewnty-four hours. The same number of deaths occurred during the previous twenty-four hours.

This is not regarded as a very high death rate for Alexandria when it is taken into consideration that Alexandria's population has almost doubled during the past twelve months.

News that the disease is on the downward course was received with general satisfaction by citizens generally, all of whom have been working hard to help stamp out the disease in this city.

SOARED FIVE MILES IN AIR

Temperature 25 Degrees Below Zero, Through Snowstorm on Way To Earth.

Washington, Oct. 24.—How does it feel to fly 29,000 feet—more than five miles—above the earth, almost freezing to death, and then have your gasoline give out?

According to Capt. R. W. Schroeder, United States Aviation Corps, it goes to one's head. It went to his so much so that he was babbling to the moon and talking to the stars above. But if his gasoline hadn't given out he'd have been going yet.

Captain Schoeder's flight, 28,900 feet ,established an altitude record. He has just written an account of the trip and filed it with Major-General Kenly, director of military aeronautics. He tells:

"When I reached 25,000 feet the sun grew dim, and I could hear my motor run. I felt very hungry.

"I thought it must be getting late, but I might as well stick a little longer, for I knew I could reach my ceiling pretty soon, and I had descended in the dark many times.

"Then I began talking to myself, and I felt this was a good sign to begin taking oxygen. When I started inhaling the oxygen the sun grew bright again. I could hear my motor exhaust. I was no longer hungry and the day seemed most beautiful.

"I felt like singing through sheer joy.

"At times I removed my gloves and put my warm hands on the glass to thaw the frost so I could read the instruments.

"I kept up until my oxygen gave out, and at that point my aneroid indicated nearly 29,000 feet. The thermometer showed 25 degrees below zero, and the revolutions per minute had dropped from 1,600 to 1,500. But the lack of oxygen had affected me. I was beginning to get across, and the horizon seemed out of place.

"About this time the motor quit. I was out of gasoline.

"So I descended in a large spiral, and when I had dropped to 20,000 feet I began to feel better. I passed through clouds at 16,000 feet and it was snowing upon the next layer, 4,000 feet below. The air seemed thick and stuffy, but nice and warm. I did not see the ground from the time I went up through the clouds at Dayton until I came down through them again at 4,000 feet above Canton, Ohio, 20 miles from where I started.

SWORD FOR KING ALBERT

Gift of Brussel's People to be Presented on His Return.

Paris, Oct. 24.—During the earliest days of the German occupation of Brussels in 1914 a project was formed to present King Albert a sword of honor upon his return to the city. The model was made and the artist who designed it carried it through the barrier into Holland and from there came to Paris.

The sword has been made here. The hilt is of gold and platinum, set with precious stones. It represents the Belgian lion overcoming the Teutonic eagle. It will be sent to Brussels and will be there in time for the King's entry to the city. The names of the Brussels committee in charge of the project will be kept secret until the Germans have retired from the country.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON Except Sunday.
By The Alexandria Gazette Corporation, 317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

HOWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer
WILLIAM A. SMOOT.....Vice President
MICHAEL T. DWYER.....Editor
JAMES E. PEYTON..Business Manager

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia as second class matter.

WILSON'S ULTIMATUM

President Wilson has informed the German Government that he has transmitted its correspondence to him seeking an armistice and peace to the Allies, with the suggestion that if those governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and the principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples involved.

He says that should such terms of armistice be suggested, acceptance by Germany will afford the best conmade evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace.

The President says that having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German Government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace and principles enunciated by him, and that the desire to discuss the details of the application emanates not from those who hitherto dictated the German policy but from ministers who speak for the overwhelming majority of the German people, and having received explicit promise that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed by the German armed forces, the President feels he cannot decline to take up the question of an armistice with the Allies.

At the same time that the President's reply to Germany was made public, the White House gave out correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson showing that more than 2,000,000 American soldiers have embarked to participate in the war overseas.

The President says that significant and important as the constitutional changes seem to be which are spoken of by the German foreign secretary it does not appear that the principle of a government responsible to the German people has yet been fully or permanently worked out. He reiterates that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy and gives warning that if the United States must deal with military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now or later, it must demand not peace negotiations but surrender.

It was not necessary for President Wilson to say more than this. The simple declaration is sufficient to strip all German peace proposals of every vestige of hypocrisy which has camouflaged them. The President has spoken with the utmost finality that there can be no peace with autocracy except the peace that comes on the heels of unconditional surrender.

President Wilson's latest note comes as a relief to every American. Every uncertainty has now been removed and Americans hope that the end of peace notes, which have led to nowhere, has come.

The Hohenzollern system, responsible for this war, is dealt a stupefying and probably fatal blow by the President and once more the world is indebted to him for carrying the allied cause a step nearer to victorious peace.

DECREASE IN DEATHS

There has been a decided decrease in deaths in Alxandria during the past twenty-four hours, although the number of cases of influenza and pneumonia which often follows show that the malady is still with us. Better conditions are reported in Washington and in places in Virginia, especially Richmond and Lynchburg. In language of scripture, let us thank Go dand take courage. A cold wave is said to be in tranisitu, and some of the best medical men in other cities believe a sudden drop in the temperature and a few days of wintry weather will arrest the contagion.

Our city has passed through a terrible experience during the past four or five weeks. Numbers of our people —mostly young—have been cut down, while in more populous cities thousands many at the portals of life have fallen under the cruel scythe.

As has been the case elsewhere, sad scenes have been in evidence in Alexandria. In many cases every member of a household has been prostrated, each rendered helpless and unable to minister to one another. Early yesterday morning neighbors who visited a stricken household found the dead body of a young man in one room, the father, mother and daughter ill, and in another room a young woman and her infant child suffering from the dreaded flu. Those alive were unable to render much-needed aid to each other.

In other places where dead ones have been in houses during the past few days other members of the family were ill and unable to render assistance.

Let us mingle our prayers for the rapid passing away of the dismal cloud which still hovers over our community.

While our lot has been cast in America, we have not ben called upon to face plague and famine, as has been the case with peoples of other lands, who are not only suffering from pestilence but are in need of the necessaries of life. We have, so far, received our daily bread, although it is our lot to suffer from pestilence. Let us be thankful that our conditions are not more serious.

CASE OF EMPEROR CHARLES

Austria and Hungary, individually and collectively, receive their deathblow in the refusal of the President to grant them an armistice because since his speech of January 8 the United States has recognized the independence of the Czecho-Slovaks. The National Council of the Slav races subject to Austria and Hungary have declared their independence and their recognition as a nation by the United States and the Allies insures the dismemberment of both Austria and Hungary. Northern Slovakia comprises Bohemia, Moravia, a part of Silesia and the northwest corner of Hungary. Croatia, too, has been incorporated into Hungary.

As a contemporary says, Emperor Charles is a small man upon whom a great opportunity was conferred. He came to the throne free from all personal responsibility for the war. He came when it was apparent that Austria-Hungary and Germany could not win the war, and the utmost they could hope for was a compromise peace, with a strong probability that they would get nothing but the terms of the Allies. He came to the throne when his subjects, hopeless and warweary, were eager for peace on any terms. He yielded to their wishes so far as to make a covert effort through his brother-in-law to get separate peace by offering to support France's claim to Alsace-Lorraine. A few months later he procured the passage of the "peace without annexations" resolution in the German Reichstag. But when his letter to Prince Sixtus became public he repudiated it, abased himself before William II, and entered into a military convention with Germany by which the army of Austria-Hungary was merged in the German military establishment.

That sealed his doom. He might have delivered his country from the war, and then, granting autonomy to the several nationalities over which he reigned, have assured to himself and his posterity the throde of a Federal Empire and the devoted loyalty of the Slav majority of his subjects. He was not a big enough man for the opportunity. He was scared and became the vassal of Germany, and he will go down into ruin with Germany; but he will go first and into deeper ruin. Germany will be deprived of some of its ill-gotten provinces, but it will still be a great nation. Austria-Hungary will simply be resolved into its component parts, and Charles will cease to be an Emperor, or at the most he will remain the sovereign of the Teutonic part of his present Empire, which does not contain more than 20 per cent. of its population.

HUN SUBTLETY.

Now that the Allies have regained possession of the entire Belgian coast, including the ports of Ostend and Zeebrugge, from which the German submarines have been wont to sally forth on their piratical excursions, the intimation comes that in the reply of the Kaiser's Government to President Wilson's recent note the suggestion may be made for an amelioration in the conditions of U-boat warfare. Of course, the right to wage war in that peculiarly Hunnish fashion will not be entirely yielded, but so long as Germany has only such distant ports as Wilhelmshaven and Helgoland from which to dispatch the submarines she may be prepared to listen to the dictates of humanity and limit their operations.

It is worth noting that in his retreat from Lille, Ostend, Bruges and some other cities of considerable size the Hun wrought comparatively little devastation—that is, in comparison with the wholesale destruction he worked on St Quentin, Cambrai, Lens and hundreds of other French and Belgian cities and towns These latter outrages he has excused on the ground of military necessity, though this so-called necessity was no greater than it now is in the case of the communities he is evacuating so rapidly. The reason for this change in tactics is obvious, An invasion of the Rhine Valley towns by the Allies looms up before the Germans as a horrible possibility of the near future. From the foul ruin they spread over such a wide area in France they know what such an invasion may mean, and they tremble at the thought of their own cities and villages being laid low. So they have become suddenly good, and doubtlessly they will point to the evacuation of Belgium now under way as a proof of their ever humane and pacific methods.

In this connection the Philadelphia Record says if the Kaiser and the Great German General Staff imagine that anybody is going to be deceived by such tricks they have another guess coming. The comparatively peaceful methods followed in the retreats from Belgium and Northern France will simply be added proof to the Allies that the ruin inflicted upon so many communities was unnecessary, and was simply a part of the Hun policy of frightfulness. It was not legitimate warfare, and must be paid for to the last cent. In leaving Belgium cities and villages standing intact Germany is keeping down the sum total of the cash reparation she must make. She is not liquidating any of the enormous bill she must pay for the damage already done.

OHIO SOCIETY GIRL DEFIES BOCHE FIRE.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Miraculous escape from serious injury and probable death was experienced recently by Miss Evelyn Hooker, former society girl of Cincinnati, now a field worker for the American fund for French wounded.

Miss Hooker, who was operating a canteen in the Chateau-Thierry sector, was forced to abandon her post when the Germans first advanced. She walked several miles to the nearest town where Americans were billeted. There she volunteered to drive an ambulance along a road swept with shells. Shells whistled and broke all about the road, but she was not injured. A report of hr exploit was made to the Paris headquarters of the organization by an army officer, who heartily commended her for her bravery.

CAUSE AND EFFECT: STEALS "FLU" ANTIDOTE. BUT COP DOES DUTY

Cleveland, Oct. 24.—Fear of getting Spanish influenza resulted in the arrest of Frank Hookway and Lawrence Barnes. Both were charged with burglary and larceny.

Patrolman Wenzel says he discovered Barnes and Hookway leaving William Murphy's saloon by way of a side door. Barnes carried two bottles of whisky.

"I took it in order to have an antidote for influenza," he explained.

CAVELL JUDGE TO PROBE ATROCITIES

London, Oct. 24.—Baron von der Lancken will be in charge of the commission of neutral residents of Brussels which is to investigate charges of unnecessary devastation and destruction during the German retreat in Belgium.

"It will be recalled," says the News "that he played a leading role in the murder of Edith Cavell. It was von der Lancken who ignored the representations of the American minister, Brand Whitlock, and refused to allow Miss Cavell to receive a visit from a Belgian lawyer. It was von der Lancken to whom Mr. Whitlock made his moving appeal: 'Save this unfortunate woman from death.'"

SPAIN TO BE FIRM IN U-BOAT STAND

Madrid, Oct. 24.—Replying to recent criticisms regarding Spanish losses by German U-boats, Premier Maura declared in the chamber that Spain has a firm determination to have all torpedoed Spanish ships replaced, leaving Germany the privilege only of designating which of their interned vessels will be turned over to Spain.

The Liberals are hotly critizing the secrecy with which negotiations have been conducted and are demanding the publication of the full text of all notes exchanged.

ALAS! POOR LIVER AND BACON PART.

The inseparable have been separated.

The devoted have been divorced. Liver has been ruthlessly torn from bacon and bacon has been heartlessly sundered from liver.

And the Food Administration is to blame.

After countless years of happy association liver and bacon will never appear together again—that is, not until the war is over and food conservation is a thing of the past.

Included in the twelve general food conservation orders, just effective, was one little paragraph which no one dreamed was as important as it it. It said that one kind of meat should be served to a person at one time. Immediately the Food Administration was deluged with telegrams:

"Is liver and bacon one meat or two?"

And back came the heartless reply: "They are two. Separate them."

DON'T TURN CLOCK BACK OCT. 27—THAT IS JEWELERS' ADVICE.

Although the United States will turn to solar time on Sunday, October 27, by "turning the clocks back," anybody who values a watch or clock will not take chances with its mechanism by obeying the mandate literally. The hands should be turned forward eleven hours, instead of backward one hour, jewelers say.

By setting watches and clocks eleven hours ahead, or stopping them for an hour, people can correct their timepiece without endangering the "works" in any way, but if turned backward it may mean breakage or damage to the mechanism.

HINDENBURG SAYS HE IS FOR PEACE

With The British Army in France, Oct. 24.—In an order to German officers in the field, Field Marshal Hindenburg declares he approves the peace moves and is obliged to support the government. He also asks that the confidence reposed in him in the days of success be continued.

The German crown prince, in an order to the group of armies under his command, remids the officers of the responsibility they incur when they lose a position or modify the line in any way without orders. Copies of the document have fallen in to the hands of the French.

WILD HOGS TREE MAN FOR FOUR HOURS

Whitesville, Del., Oct. 24.—Treed by wild hogs, Albert Jarman, of Whitesville, spent several very uncomfortable hours in the crotch of a small tree until friends rescued him after driving the hogs off.

Jarman has a large herd of hogs which he allows to run wild in a wood on his farm. Every year he goes out and shoots down two or three for his winter meat and lets the remainder run. Yesterday he went out and, after killing three, started to drag them off when the herd attacked him. He scurried up a small tree just in time to escape them, and, sitting in the crotch shot two more, but was unable to drive them away.

The hogs started to chew the bottom of the sapling up which he had climbed, and for several hours he sat there, afraid to move. Friends who knew he had gone for hogs came in the nick of time, and with dogs drove the hogs off, killing two more. One of the dogs also was killed.

CAPITAL AT BRUGES

Havre, Oct. 24.—The whole of the province of western Flanders, and part of eastern Flanders and Hainaut having been recovered from the Germans, the Belgian government has decided to establish its administrative department in Bruges.

"The Store of Greater Service"
LANSBURGH BRO
Washington, D. C.

54-INCH
All Wool Dress Fabrics at $1.98 Yd

Lines that we are unable to keep intact. Broken color assortments. Hence our determination to close them out at today's actual mill cost. Full 54-inch all wool serge. 54-inch all wool marmotte, and 54-inch all wool panetta empress cloth. Colors include black, taupe, seal brown, myrtle green, plum and blue. These are retailed usually at $3.00 and that would be our price if color assortments were complete.

$6.50 In. Salt's Peco Black Plush $4.98

Salt's 50-inch black pure Tussah silk face plush for stoles, capes, throws, coats and trimmings. We have only a limited quantity and the reduced price is for one day only. Buy tomorrow. A regular $6.00 value.

Third Floor, Lansburgh & Bro..

HELP WANTED

WANTED—Housekeeper who is a good plain cook. Stay at night. J. T. Allen, 215 North Columbus St. 250-3t.

Help Wanted—Boy with wheel wanted. Apply 309 King street. 244tf.

WANTED—Laborers, white and colored. Highest wages. Either day or night work. Apply to Virginia Shipbuilding Corporation's Representative, U. S. Employment Service, Post Office Building, Alexandria, Virginia. 214-tf

WANTED—Messenger with wheel for Camp Humphreys. Salary and expenses. Apply 311 King street.

COOK wanted male or female; good wages. Apply New Southland Hotel, Alexandria, Va. 205-tf

WANTED—First class firemen, highest wages paid. See Mr. Wicker. Alexandria County Lighting Company Plant foot of Wolf street.

MANAGER wanted for lunchroom; good wages paid to right party. Apply New Southland Hotel, Alexandria, Va. 205-tf

NOTICE.

On account of the epidemic in our city we must kindly request the Public not to ask to have any merchandise sent on memorandum or any merchandise exchanged.

D. BENDHEIM & SONS
ALEXANDRIA'S BEST STORE.

SWAN BROS.

Women's Winter Underwear

In the women's underwear department will be found a complete line of women's winter union suits and two piece garments—Only the best brands, which gives you assurance of comfort and durability—

Munsing union suits. Suit for women $2.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.00, $4.50, $5.00.

Munsings Separate vests and pants for women. Each $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.

The Athena winter union suits for women. The suit, $2.25, $2.50, $3.50, $4.00.

Women's good heavy ribbed winter vests and pants. Each 75c and $1.00.

Women's medium weight ribbed union suits. The suit $1.50 and $2.00.

Butterick patterns 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c.

CLEANING! CLEANING! CLEANING!
LISTEN MEN!
We clean anything but your conscience
Satisfaction Guaranteed
PRICES: MEN'S SUITS $1.25 AND UP
LADIES' SUITS $1.50 AND UP
HOME TAILORING CO.
903 King Street.
Phone 190

For Sale - - - - In Rosemont
Possession November 1st
Attractive 9 room brick building, toilet and bath—large open fire place in living room, first floor hardwood finish—sleeping porch, hot water heat.
Low Price to Quick Buyer.
Alexander Suter, Inc.,
OFFICES— 529 King Street Phone 806
309 Cameron Street, Phone 495.

BIDS WANTED
On About 2,500 Cubic Yards of Excavation at
Shooters Hill Reservoirs of Company for
FILTRATION PLANT
MUST BE RUSH JOB
Alexandria Water Company
253-3t

S. Kann Sons Co.

BUSY CORNER PENNA. AVE AT 8TH. ST.

Open 10.00 a. m. to 6.00 p. m.

You Don't Want Your Children To Be Disappointed

At Christmas Time. Of course, you don't. Then you will buy their

TOYS - DOLLS - GAMES

—Right now. We are ready at the present time with splendid stocks, but keep in mind the fact that some kinds of Toys, Dolls and Games will be sold out long before Christmas.

—Remember, too, we shall not be permitted to employ extra people for holiday business. Why not begin buying toys at once?

Why Not Begin Buying Toys at Once?

Kann's—Fourth Floor.

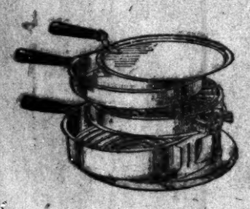
4th Liberty Bonds
Paid for in Full now

Ready for Delivery

We Sell Liberty Bonds on Installments.

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

ELECTRIC GRILL and PERCOLATOR



Just the Combination for Light Housekeeping

THE GRILL COOKS EGGS, BACON, TOAST, CAKES, ETC.

The PERCOLATOR makes Delicious Coffee in 10 Minutes

Come In and See This Combination

Alexandria County Lighting Company

624 King Street Phone 193

NOTICE

You are Cordially Invited to Purchase Your Allotment of

War Saving Stamps

at the

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

Corner King and St. Asaph Streets

Alexandria National Bank

Deal with the tall Bank on the corner of King and Royal Streets.

All transactions from the smallest to the greatest receive careful personal attention.

Home people and strangers welcome.

3 PER CENT PAID ON SAVINGS.

Beautiful Residence FOR SALE

Braddock Heights

Concrete Block, 10 rooms, bath and pantry, and large porches. Concrete cellar, Hot Water Heat, modern acetylene gas plant, Electric Light, fine water, pumped by automatic electric pump, and distributed through house by compressed air system. Splendid sewerage, garage, spacious grounds, small orchard, and commanding view.

Possession in 30 Days

Price $10,500.00

Graham and Ogden

530 KING STREET. ALEXANDRIA, VA.

NEWS OF THE DAY

The evacuation of Ghent, Belgium, is in full swing, according to a dispatch from Sasvan Gent. The last boats in Ghent are being hastily toward to Selzaete, near the Dutch frontier, south of Sasvan Gent, the dispatch adds.

Embarkation of 2,008,931 American soldiers to participate in the war overseas was disclosed by correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson, given out at the White House last night at the same time that the President's reply to the German note was made public by the State Department.

Premier Maura, in reply to criticisms voiced in the Spanish chamber with regard to the manner and results of the negotiations with Germany over the submarine question, yesterday declared it was his government's firm intnetion to replace every torpedoed Spanish vessel by a German ship of equal tonnage, leaving Germany only the privilege of designating the substitute vessel.

Seven thousand tons of "made in Germany" toys arrived at an Atlantic port yesterday on a Holland American liner. The toys, purchased before the war, were held pending permission of the United States government to have them brought to these shores. The purchasing merchants represented that as the goods were bought prior to America's entrance into the war, when there was no taint of lack of patriotism in trading with Germany, they should not suffer loss, so permission was granted for their importation.

Influenza deaths in the District of Columbia yesterday numbered 54 for the 24-hour period to 9 o'clock in the evening. Deaths for the preceding 24 hours totaled 59. The mortality record of the epidemic has decreased daily on all but one of the last five days. New cases reported yesterday numbered 466, as compared with 858 the day before. The total of deaths in the District since the epidemic began was 1,220, and the number of cases 31,405. Health authorities are convinced that the disease is now definitely under control.

The German "withdrawal according to plan" does not seem to be following closely along the lines of a well defined plan, but is really developing into a complete rout, while the much vaunted "disciplined" German armies are losing all semblance of a trained force, and more and more each day becoming a disorganized rabble, according to dispatches received today by the British Bureau of Information from London. The withdrawal is proving to be a very difficult operation owing to the speed of the allied advance, and German casualties and prisoners are invariably heavy.

In no circumstances is it consistent with the safety, security and unity of the British empire that Germany's colonies should be returned to her, declared A. J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary, in a speech at the luncheon of the Australian and New Zealand Club yesterday. Mr. Balfour said it was absolutely essential that the communications of the British Empire should remain safe. He asked if the German colonies were returned, what security was there that their original possessors would not use them as bases for piratical warfare.

The "mean allowance" of dog meat in famished Holland is two ounces per week for each person, it was declared by a passenger arriving at an Atlantic port yesterday on a Holland American liner. Mrs. Louella Beeger, of St. Paul, Minn., one of the passengers, rescued a great Dane from a butcher and had it with her on the vessel. "Caesar," the dog would have been cut up into two-ounces "mean allowance" by the butcher for sale over the counter but for his timely rescue. The extreme scarcity of food drove the Dutch to resort to eating dogs, it was declared. Butter is almost unknown in Holland.

MAY HOLD OFFICE

McAdoo Modifies Recent No-Politics Order.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Modification of the recent order forbidding railroad employes or officers from holding office or participating in politics was announced yesterday by Director-General McAdoo, so as to permit the men to hold municipal offices and to be delegates, but not chairmen of political conventions.

This action, urged by the four leading railroad brotherhoods, was taken, it was explained, because of the discovery that many communities consist almost entirely of railroad men, from whom necessarily municipal officers must be elected. The new regulations conform to rules prevailing for navy yard men and other government employes.

Municipal offices, it is specified, must not be permitted to interfere with railroad duties. Employes elected to political offices before August 31, when the original order was issued, will be permitted to complete their terms. Otherwise if they had become candidates they are not required to withdraw.

LOST AND FOUND

Lost—A French poodle, male. Answers to the name "Charlie." Return to 224 North Fairfax Street and receive reward. 248-1t

Lost—On Saturday night a lady's Elgin wrist watch some where on King street or on 200 or 300 block Prince street or 100 block South Royal, Was a gift from husband in France, Reward if returned to 213 South Lee Street. 251-3t.

Lost—From automobile, between Cherrydale and Alexandria, on road passing Alexandria county courthouse, on Monday between 7 and 9 p m., dark gray overcoat, plaid inside. Liberal reward if returned to this office. 252-3t

THOS. W. LAWSON INJURED

Financier's Limousine Overturns In Avoiding Another Car

Marlboro, Mass. Oct 24.—Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston financier and independent candidate for United States Senator, was injured when his limousine was overturned on the State road in Northboro late yesterday. He was brought to a hospital in this city. Hospital authorities refused to say how badly Mr. Lawson was hurt.

The chauffeur attempted to turn out to avoid colliding with another car and the limousine skidded and turned over twice. Mr. Lawson was thrown through the door and the chauffeur was hurled from his seat and injured. Both were brought here by a passing automobile.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates

LAURENCE STABLER

415 Prince Street. Alexandria, Va.

Make Cold Corners Comfortable

for aging limbs that feel the slightest draught.

The handy Perfection Heater gives a generous glowing warmth whenever, wherever needed—brings comfort and relief in freezing weather.

Good-looking economical - smokeless, odorless.

Aladdin Security Oil gives best results.

At your dealer's

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(New Jersey)

Baltimore, Md

PERFECTION OIL HEATERS

Look for the Triangle Trade Mark

REVOLT RAGES IN RUMANIA

Rioting Mobs in Capital at Jassy Smash Government Office.

Paris, Oct. 24.—Violent demonstrations have occurred in Jassy, the temporary capital of Rumania, according to advices received here. A mob broke into the office of the Isailor Gazette, the Government organ, and the printing plant was demolished.

NOTICE

The store of the late Arthur Grimes will be open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, October 29-31. All persons whose clothes are at this establishment are requested to call for the same at once. The store will not be open for this purpose after the date named.

251-3t. H. Noa Garner

Do *You* Think There is No Competition?

If anyone thinks there is no competition amongst the big packers he ought to go through a day's work with Swift & Company.

Let him begin at the pens when the live stock comes in; let him try to buy a nice bunch of fat steers quietly and at his own price, without somebody's bidding against him.

Let him realize the scrupulous care taken at the plant that not one thing is lost or wasted in order that costs may be held to a minimum.

Let him go up into the office where market reports are coming in,—and reports of what other concerns are doing.

Let him watch the director of the Swift Refrigerator fleet, maneuvering it over the face of the country like a fleet of battleships at sea.

Let him take a trip with a Swift & Company salesman and try to sell a few orders of meat.

Let him stay at a branch house for an hour or two and see the retail meat dealers drive their bargains to the last penny as they shop around among the packers, branch houses, the wholesale dealers, and the local packing plants.

And then, when the day is over, let him have half an hour in the accounting department, where he can see for himself on what small profits the business is done. (Less than 4 cents on each dollar of sales.)

If he still thinks there is no competition in the meat business it will be because he wants to think so.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Local Branch
and Union Streets
L. L. Arrington, Manager

HUNS MUST SURRENDER

Wilson Says Nations of the World Cannot Trust Word of Master of Germany.

President Wilson, in a message last night to the German government, wherein he uses the word "surrender" for the first time, says that "the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy."

If the United States and the entente allies deal with these persons—"the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany"—at this time, the demand will be surrender, he adds. Peace negotiations are impossible with them, he declares.

Likewise—the same universal distrust that the world felt when the German note became public—is the keynote of the President's message.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
October 23, 1918

The Secretary of State makes public the following:

From the Secretary of State to the Charge d'Affaires of Switzerland, ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States:

Department of State,
October 23, 1918.

Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the twenty-second transmitting a communication under date of the twentieth from the German Government and to advise you that the President has instructed me to reply thereto as follows:

"Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down in his address to the Congress of the United States on the eighth of January, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses, particularly the address of the twenty-second of September, and that it desires to discuss the details of their application, and that this wish and purpose emanate, not from those who have hitherto dictated German policy and conducted the present war on Germany's behalf, but from ministers who speak for the majority of the Reichstag and for an overwhelming majority of the German people; and having received also the explicit promise of the present German government that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed both on land and sea by the German armed forces, the President of the United States feels that he cannot decline to take up with the governments with which the Government of the United States is associated the question of an armistice.

He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which should leave the United States and the powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into and to make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible. The President has, therefore, transmitted his correspondence with the present German authorities to the governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, with the suggestion that, if those governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples involved and ensure to the associated governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German government has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice possible from the military point of view. Should such terms of armistice be suggested their acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace from which the whole action proceeds.

The President would deem himself lacking in candor did he not point out in the frankest possible terms the reason why extraordinary safeguards must be demanded. Significant and important as the constitutional changes seem to be which are spoken of by the German foreign secretary in his note of the twentieth of October it does not appear that the principle of a government responsible to the German people has yet been fully worked out or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation that the alterations of principle and of practice now partially agreed upon will be permanent. Moreover, it does not appear that the heart of the present difficulty has been reached. It may be that future wrongs have been brought under the control of the German people, but the present war has not been; and it is with the present war that we are dealing. It is evident that the German people have no means of commanding the acquiescence of the military authorities of the empire in the popular will that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hitherto been the masters of Germany. Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends now on plain speaking and straightforward action, the President deems it his duty to say, without any attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy, and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustice of this war the Government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany. If it must deal with the military masters and the monarchical autocrats of Germany now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German empire, it must demand, not peace negotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration.

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING.

Mr. Frederick Oederlin,
Charge d'Affaires of Switzerland, ad interim, In charge of German interests in the United States.

TALKS OF DEMOBILIZING

Premier Says Nation Will Continue Peace Efforts.

Berne, via Paris, Oct. 24.—Details of the demobilization of the Austro-Hungarian army were discussed by Premier Hussarek in the Austrian House of Lords yesterday, according to Vienna advices.

Baron Hussarek asserted his government would continue its efforts toward peace and indicated strongly that a reply would be sent to President Wilson's message to Austria. He expressed the hope that means would soon be found "to lead the universe out of this abyss and misery of war."

The federalization of the Dual Monarchy, he said, was the natural complementary step to the peace move, but it was "also best from the strictly Austrian standpoint." He promised "equal rights to all peoples of the Empire."

VIRGINIA NEWS

Dr. R. W. Garnett, acting State health commissioner, announced yesterday afternoon that the influenza situation in Virginia is greatly improved and that fewer deaths are being reported. Deaths in Richmond Tuesday night numbered 17, the total number of those dying in Richmond since the epidemic began being 423. It is announced that influenza is no longer epidemic at Camp Lee.

While carrying a slightly injured colored woman to the hospital last night, an automobile driven by Gerard Montgomery, colored, knocked down and almost instantly killed P. W. Cummings, of Ballston, Alexandria county, at Twelfth street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington. Knocked 15 feet by the impact, Cummings died in an automobile on his way to the hospital. Montgomery was arrested.

Ten deaths from influenza or pneumonia occurred in Lynchburg and suburbs in the past 24 hours, six of the 10 being residents of the suburbs. Excluding three deaths reported previously as due to the "flue," which have been certified as due to other causes, the total now reaches 216,171 of which have been within the city limits. Of the 171 deaths in the city 59 were negroes. The situation now is more encouraging than at any time since the disease became epi-

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late Arthur D. Grimes, all persons having claims against the estate are directed to present some for settlement, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to settle the same without delay.

251-3t. H. Noel Garner, Adm. 128 South Fairfax St.

MAN AND LATHE.

I'm standing at my lathe all day
And this is what I hear it say:
"The best of you, the best of me
Are needed now across the sea.
We do not hear the cannon roar,
No aeroplane comes sailing o'er
Our heads, and yet from day to day
We, too, are soldiers in the fray.

"Oh, hand that guides me now, be true,
A mighty task is mine to do.
'Tis time to shape and cut the steel,
With every turning of my wheel.
I'm building for that better day
When tyranny shall pass away.
Speed up! Speed up! This thing I make
May save a thousand lives at stake."

I whisper to my lathe: "Be strong,
We toil today to right a wrong.
Some of us march to fife and drum,
My music is your busy hum,
And this the hymn you sing to me
Always, 'My Country, 'Tis of Thee,'
This very day, this very hour
We'll serve the flag with all our power.

"Oh, lathe of mine, across the sea
They need the work of you and me!
They will be fine if we be true,
They'll hold the line if we but do
This task that now to us is set,
Let's keep the faith and not forget!
Speed up! Speed up! Across the sea
Our soldiers wait on you and me."

Copyright 1918 by Edgar A. Guest, printed by permission of Mr. Guest.

Spend 5c!

That's all it costs to try GRANDMA. Only 5c to find out about this wonderful guaranteed soap—the soap that makes washing easy because it does away with rubbing.

GRANDMA'S Powdered SOAP

Ask Your Grocer For It!

COMMERCIAL AND FANCY
STATIONERY
Office Supplies
S. F. DYSON & BRO.
Booksellers and Stationers.
420 King Street.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of the Washington Safe Deposit Company Incorporated will be held at the office of the company, 119 South Fairfax street, Alexandria, Virginia, on Tuesday, November 5, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

John Schroeder, Asst. Secy.

NOTICE—Stockholders of the Potomac Shipbuilding Company, Inc., are hereby notified that, at the request of stockholders holding together at least one-tenth of the capital stock of said Company, and by virtue of the authority in me vested by the by-laws of the Company, a special meeting of the stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the Company's office at 119 South Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Va., at 2:00 o'clock p. m., on Monday, November 4, 1918, for the purpose of taking action for or against the sale by the Company of the tract of 55.315 acres of land owned by the Company at Quantico, Va., together with all buildings and improvements thereon, and any other of its real estate or other property that may be deemed advisable, and for the transaction of any and all business necessary or desirable in connection therewith.

Geo. R. Collins, President.

Attest:

(Seal) Fred S Swindell, Secretary.

250-3t.

Scores of leaders in the worlds activities are endorsing CHIROPRACTIC as the efficient drugless, common sense way to health.

Have your nerve force restored to vigor and your whole system revived—recharge with a new score of energy—so that the old time endurance, the old time capacity to accomplish, the old time health will return.

Investigation costs nothing, and may mean health to you.

Dr. Beechler,
Chiropractor
Mon., Wed., Fri., Hours 1 to 4 p. m.
724 King St. Alexandria, Va.

FOR SALE
Desirable Modern Homes in East Braddock.
POSSESSION GIVEN IN THIRTY DAYS.
Attractive Prices. Easy Terms if Desired.
For further particulars, inquire
M. L. HORNER
612 KING STREET TELEPHONE 269

PROTOX
Pure Ground Meat Scraps
For Poultry
Telephone or Write Us for Descriptive Book.
ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

The First National Bank
OF ALEXANDRIA VIRGINIA
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER ALL
Liberty Bonds
PURCHASED THROUGH THIS BANK
and
Paid for in full

EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE
COAL
Smoot
ALEXANDRIA, VA.
LUMBER
EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE
EVERYTHING FOR BUILDING BUT THE HARDWARE

WANTED
The following labor at this Company's Plant:
Cabinet makers
Wood workers
Carpenters
METAL WORKERS
All Classes of Skilled Labor Best Prices Paid
AlexandriaAircraftCorporation

GEMS OF THE FIRST WATER and a present that will grace the throat or the hand of a Queen. No matter what pattern you may choose from our line, you are sure of getting excellent workmanship and stones of dependable quality, in addition to original designs of the highest order.

Saunders & Son

If You Need An Electrician
Call 499W
McDONALD and CARR
106 South Washington Street,
Motor Work A Specialty

NOTICE

Having been appointed executrix of the last will and testament of C. Lyman Evans, late of Mount Vernon Virginia, notice is hereby given to the public that all persons indebted to the estate of said C. Lyman Evans will come forward and pay said indebtedness to the undersigned, and that all persons having claims against said estate will come forward and settel the same with the undersigned. Parties can also present any claim to my attorney, C. E. Nicol, attorney, Alexandria National Bank Building, Alexandria, Va.

Mrs Effie Evans,
Executrix of C. Lyman Evans, deceased, Mount Vernon, Va.

249-6t

NOTICE

Having purchased the stock in trade and baking business of the late Karl Fuchs I give notice that I will hereafter conduct the business at the same stand, corner of Commerce and West streets, and solicit the patronage of his former customers, assuring them that the same standard of excellence of goods will be maintained and prompt attention given to all orders.

248-7t Jeanette Fuchs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late Amos I. Entwisle, requests all persons having claims against his estate to present the same properly authenticated for settlement and persons indebted to the estate to settle the same by making payment to him.

Edgar Carpenter,
207 South Patrick St.

250-10t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Karl Fuchs, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to him to settle with me without delay, and all persons having claims against the deceased, will present them duly authenticated.

Carroll Pierce.
249-10 Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late James E. Curtin, requests all persons having claims against his estate to present the same properly authenticated for settlement and persons indebted to the estate to settle the same by making payment to him.

Christopher Curtin,
Administrator of the estate of James E. Curtin 327 N. Henry St.

2t a w f 4 w.

RAILROADS.

WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In Effect February 20, 1918.
Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington

A. M.—*5.00, †5.40, †6.00, *6.10, 6.30, *6.30, 6.40, *6.50, 7.00, *7.10, 7.20, *7.30, *7.35, 7.40, *7.45, *7.50, *7.55, 8.00, *8.05, *8.10, 8.20, *8.30, *8.40, 8.50, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40.

P. M.—12.00, 12.20, 12.40, 1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 8.00, 8.20, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00, 11.20, 11.40. As M.—12.00.

*Except Sundays and Holidays.
†Except Sundays.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon

A. M.—†5.35, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.35, 11.35.

P. M.—12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.55

†Except Sundays.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule In Effect June 10, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily 9:08, 9:53, 10:09 a. m., 12:13, 12:28; 1:18, 2:58, 3:18, 10:13, 11:33 p. m.

Week days only, 6:20 p. m. Saturdays only 5:05 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 3:35, 7:55 (local) and 9:47, a. m.; 2:27, 2:47, 5:17 (local) 6:17, 8:17, 9:17 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 10:50 a. m daily and 2:53 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:43 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

NOTICE

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alexandria Water Company will be held at the office of the Company on the 4th day of November, 1918, at ten (10) o'clock a. m. for the purpose of the election of directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

247-td. Geo. Uhler, Secy.

For Sale.

For Sale—Apples, Baby McElroy Farms, near Occoquan, 75 cents and $1.00 the bushel. Bring baskets or barrels. Cleveland English, Superintendent.

250-6t

AUCTION SALES

Under and by virtue of the authority vested in the undersigned commissioners of Sale by a decree of the Corporation Court of Alexandria, Virginia, entered in the suit of W. Gladstone Peters, and others, vs. Ruth T. Todd, and others, on the 11th day of September, 1918, we will offer for sale, at public auction, in front of the Royal Street entrance to the Market Building, in the City of Alexandria, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of OCTOBER, 1918, at twelve (12) o'clock noon, the following described property, to-wit:

(1) A certain three story brick dwelling and lot on the south side of Cameron Street, between Washington and St. Asaph Streets, numbered 604 Cameron Street, bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the south side of Cameron Street 52 feet 6 inches west of St. Asaph Street, running thence west on Cameron Street 23 feet 8 inches; thence south parallel with St. Asaph Street 100 feet; thence east parallel with Cameron Street 25 feet 8 inches; and thence in a straight line 100 feet to the point of beginning.

(2) A certain two-story six room frame dwelling known as No. 400 South Royal Street, bounded as follows to-wit:

Beginning at the intersection of the south side of Wolfe Street with the east side of Royal Street, and running thence south on Royal Street 20 feet 6 inches; thence east parallel with Wolfe Street 65 feet, more or less; thence north parallel with Royal Street 20 feet 6 inches; and thence west on Wolfe Street 65 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning.

(3) A certain two-story six room frame dwelling known as No 402 South Royal Street, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the east side of Royal Street 20 feet 6 inches south of Wolfe Street, and running thence south on Royal Street 12 feet to an alley 2 feet 10 inches wide; thence east on said alley 2 feet 10 inches wide; thence east on said alley 65 feet, more or less thence north parallel with Royal Street 12 feet; and thence west parallel with Wolfe Street 65 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, with right of way over said alley in common with others thereto.

(4) A certain two-story six room frame dwelling known as 402 1-2 South Royal Street, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the east side of Royal Street 35 feet 4 inches south of Wolfe Street, and running thence south on Royal Street 11 feet 11 inches; thence east parallel with Wolfe Street 65 feet, more or less; thence north parallel with Royal Street 11 feet 11 inches; and thence west parallel with Wolfe Street 65 feet, more or less, and on the south side of an alley 2 feet 10 inches wide, to the point of beginning, with the right of way over said alley in common with others entitled thereto.

(5) A certain two-story six room brick dwelling known as No. 215 Wolfe Street, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning on the north side of Wolfe Street 63 feet 5 inches east of Fairfax Street, and running thence east on Wolfe Street 23 feet 6 inches; thence north 67 feet; thence west 3 feet; thence north 33 feet to a ten foot alley; thence west on said alley 20 feet; and thence south 100 feet to the beginning, with all rights and appurtenances to the said lot of ground belonging.

Terms of sale: One-third cash, and the balance in equal installments one and two years from September 11th, 1918, with interest at six per cent. or all cash at the option of the purchaser. Deferred payment to be secured by deeds of trust. Conveyancing at the cost of the purchaser.

JOHN M. JOHNSON,
HOWARD W. SMITH,
Wm. P. WOOLLS.
Commissioners of Sale.

I, Nevell S. Greenaway, Clerk of the Corporation Court of the City of Alexandria, do certify that Howard W. Smith, one of the Commissioners named in the above mentioned decree, has executed the bond required by said decree with aproved surety.

Nevell S. Greenaway, Clerk.

By Cora Duffey, D. C.